THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1815. No. 2.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
For every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.

Those advertising customers are requested to mark the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
And Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

ISAAC BEAN & JAMES R. BUTLER,
Have entered into Partnership trading under the firm of

BEAN & BUTLER.

AND have provided themselves with a large Brick Warehouse, on *Front, between Market and Wood Streets*, Pittsburgh, well calculated for COMMISSION BUSINESS, where any Consignments or Orders will be thankfully received and strictly attended to.

April 22, 1815.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't three doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS.

of good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Sproat and McNickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

KENTUCKY manufactured TOBACCO.

SCENT SHOP,
Fine Green Coffee,
Loaf Sugar,
New Orleans Sugar and Cotton,
Rice,
Soap,
Imperial and Gunpowder } Teas,
Hyson Skin }

IN STORE AND FOR SALE, BY
Allen & Grant,
WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815.

Public Bathing House.

THE Proprietors of THE PITTSBURGH ELIZABETH MILL BATHING HOUSE, hereby inform the Public, that the capacity of the Reservoirs for that establishment is doubled and so arranged that the cold and warm waters are perfectly seperated. The public will in future meet with the disappointments consequent on the former arrangement.

The cost of this establishment, has been considerable, and the Proprietors are sorry to say the proceeds arising from it are not sufficient to warrant the opening of it another season under the present limited patronage. It is however hoped that the new arrangement alluded to, together with a more extended knowledge of the great benefit arising from the use of Baths, in such a place as this, will in a short time, produce a more liberal encouragement.

The price of BATHING is 25 Cents. The House will be open from 5 in the morning till 9 at night.

May 15, 1815. tfq

Spinners Wanted.

Two GOOD SPINNERS, will find employment at the Shop belonging to the Woolen Factory at Steubenville.

Apply at the Factory, to

C. H. ORTH.

9th May, 1814. tf.

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received by the FAIRSTOWER *and* LOUISIANA, *from New-Orleans.*

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR in barrels
Dry Salted Spanish Hides
Prime River Cotton
Coffee
Molasses
Brandy and
American Spanish Cigars.

Pittsburgh, July 27, 1815.

JAMES CROSSAN,

West side of Wood Street, next door to Mr. James Morrison's, between Second and Third Streets, Pittsburgh, has just received, and is now opening in addition to his former Stock, a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

of the latest Importations, consisting of DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, AND GROCERIES.

Dry Goods.

SUPERFINE blue, black, bottle green, claret, and drab cloths
Imperial and Bedford elastic cord
Stockinett and Berlin cords
Superfine blue, black, mixt and drab cassimers
Rose & duffield blankets
Baizes, flannels and carpeting
Black, brown & green bombazett
Superfine dressed and undressed common and plaid calicoes
Super and superfine 6-4 and 4-4 plain and coloured cambrick muslin
Jaconet, plain, figured, mull, book, lenо, spider-nett and lappet muslins
Colrane, domestick, India and British shirtings
9-8 and 4-4 Irish linen
9-4 and 3-4 dimities
Long and short nankeens
Ladies white, black, and slate coloured silk and cotton hose
Ladies white, black, brown, silk and leather gloves
Black, queens-gray & changeable silks
Levantine silks
6-4 and 7-4 damask, serge and levantine shawls
4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 7-4 cotton shawls
White, buff, figured, marseilles, and toilinett vesting
Super silk velvet and florentine
Real and mock Madras handkerchiefs
Black fringed do.
Red, brown, blue bandano and flag do.
Light and dark pocke handkerchiefs
Laces and edgings
Pink, buff, blue and plaid ginghams
Men's half and long hose
Black and blue assorted sewing silk
Looking glasses, gilt & mahogany frames

Queensware.

Large and small cups and saucers
Small, middle sized and large edged plates
China and Liverpool cups and saucers
Large dishes. &c.

Groceries.

Best green coffee in barrels
Hyson and Young hyson tea
Sugar
Chocolate
Pepper, alspice and mustard
Cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs
Copperas and allum
Indigo and madder
Rosin soap, &c.

Hardware.

Spades and shovels
Steel hung and handled knives and forks
Ivory and bone do.
Desert knives & forks assorted
Penknives
Scissors
American and German coffee mills
Hinges and screws
Commode handles
Locks and latches
Brass andirons
Brass and iron candlesticks
Elegant tea trays, waiters and baskets

Ferree's Powder.

C. & J. Ferree's Powder—also, Joshua Ferree's best Rifle Powder, wholesale and retail. Country Merchants can be supplied at the shortest notice.

July 4, 1815. tf

N. B. All those indebted for a longer period than six months, and who do not call and settle, may expect to have their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection on the 25th instant.

Coal Pit For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL sell on moderate terms 28 1-2 acres of LAND, containing COAL of an excellent quality, situate near the Turnpike road about two miles from Pittsburgh, and about half a mile from the village of Lawrenceville, where the United States are erecting very extensive works, and where great quantities of Coal will be consumed. There is a good Pit open on this Land, and in complete repair: the road from the Turnpike to the Pit is excellent.

For particulars apply to

WILLIAM B. FOSTER

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1815.

FOR SALE.

OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND.

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—

A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,

Have FOR SALE, at their WAREHOUSE, *at the Point,*

Juniata Bar and Roll'd IRON,
CROWLEY & BLISTERED STEEL,
HOES, AXES, CHAINS, &c.
Cut and Wrought NAILS,
New Orleans and Country SUGAR,
MOLASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
WINDOW GLASS, and an assorment of
GREEN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.

Pittsburgh, *July* 15, 1815. tfq

GREENSBURGH & PITTSBURGH

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed the 4th, 5th, 6th Instalments of 10 per cent each on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer in manner following, viz:—The 4th on or before the 6th of May; the 5th on or before the 6th of July; and the 6th on or before the 5th of August; of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WM. FREIDT, Treasurer.

1st April, 1815. 6m

Instalments, if paid within 60 days of the times appointed respectively, will be received as heretofore by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart and Morrow.

W. F.

APPROVED

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, *NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE*

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFALLIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Fessott's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAHI'S PLAISTER CLOTH,

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,
DRUGGISTS,
WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yq†

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
PITTSBURGH,

Have received from their connections in New-York and Philadelphia, additional supplies of

Fresh Drugs,
Chemicals,
Medicines,
Perfumery,
Vials,
Paints,
Oil,
Dye Stuffs,
Camels hair Pencils
Reeve's & Welles water colours, &c,

with an extensive variety of other articles in their line, all of which are warranted to be of the most approved and genuine qualities.

Physians, Country Merchants, and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above Articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices.

Families in Town and in the Country can be furnished with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with care and promptitude.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815. 1yeop.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the Subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815. tf.

A CERTAIN CURE

FOR THE RHEUMATISM.

POLYANDRIA,

OR,

The essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree.

A MEDICINE, universally esteemed among the East-Indians, as a safe and certain cure for the Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Epilepsey, &c. restoring vigor after laxations and sprains, giving relief in pains of the head and neck, tooth ache, &c. and since it has been introduced into England (which is of very late date) has been highly recommended, by some of the most eminent physicians in London, as the best and most effectual remedy for the Gout as well as the Rheumatism, by dissolving the *coagulated lymph*, of which these diseases are formed. In wounded tendons it is of the greatest use by preventing the juice which oozes out of them from fixing. Bruises and sprains it infallibly cures, for it keeps the extravasated lymph and blood perfectly dissolved, and prevents them fixing in the interstices of the vessels till nature either takes them up by the refluent blood, or expels them through the pores of the skin.

Long contracted sprains are removed by it, and it is of the utmost service for the cramp and numbness, stiffness, or weakness of the joints. It is a most efficacious remedy for burns and scalds, extracting the fire very soon, and if used immediately, will entirely prevent them from blistering. It is excellent for a fresh cut. It is of infinite use for the sting of wasps, &c. bite of rattlesnakes, goats, and other venemous animals and other insects.

The above valuable Medicine, has been but lately introduced into Europe and America in consequence of the Tree from which it is produced, yielding its essential Oil, but in small quantities, and this chiefly monopolized by the government, owing to the great virtue it was found to possess, in the cure of Rheumatisms, &c. the proprietor has divided the original packages, and put up in smaller bottles made for the purpose. With directions round each bottle, signed in his own hand writing; and in order to demonstrate its vast importance, has thought proper to submit for public inspection, the following out of the numerous cures, which by this valuable MEDICINE, has been performed since its general use in this country.

Letter from Mr. JAMES WOODMAN, *near Norfolk, to* Mr. C. MULLIN.

July 23, 1813.

DEAR SIR—My son has been more than eight years afflicted with a Rheumatic complaint.—The excessive pain he constantly endured, reduced him to a mere skeleton; and from extreme weakness occasioned even the joints of his legs to turn out of their sockets. A very eminent physician at Norwich, whom I consulted, informed me nothing could be done for him, and the faculty in general considered him beyond the reach of Medicine. He remained in this desperate situation, till the 19th October last, when I was advised to try your "*Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree.*" Accordingly, by persevering in the use of it, his joints are returned to their proper places, and he is now able to walk 10 miles with the greatest ease. Upwards of fifty respectable persons in this town, have been at my house to see my son, all who knew him, thought it impossible he ever could recover. I am, dear sir, your greatly obliged friend,

JAMES WOODMAN.

Broomsgrove, January 4, 1814.

SIR—I have been violently afflicted with a Rheumatic complaint; even my fingers were so contracted, that I could neither dress or undress myself, or give the least assistance to my family. I have only used one bottle of the *Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, and by it I am perfectly restored. Yours, &c.

E. HOUGHTON.

December 20, 1813.

SIR—A severe stroke of the palsy, 6 months ago, deprived me of my speech and the use of one side. In this desperate situation, the *Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, was strongly recommended and I thank God, as successfully applied. By perseverance in its use a short time, I was completely restored and continue to enjoy the perfect use of my faculties, although near 80 years of age. Yours, &c. W. FRANCIS,

No. 14, Arabello Row, Pimlico.

☞ Mr. Francis has held a public situation at the Guildhall of the city of Westminster, many years, and is well known to the generality of the respectable inhabitants.

Witherslatch, near Kental, Jan. 13, 1814.

SIR—I beg leave to inform you I have been several months past afflicted with such violent pains in my hips, thighs and legs, and swellings of my joints, that I could not rest day or night; nothing that was applied gave me any relief, till a neighbour informed me of the *Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, having performed many surprising cures, sent for a bottle to Mr. Mullin, which gave wonderful relief, and by repeating the same two or three times, I am perfectly cured, and am as well as ever I was in my life.

This I have publicly given under my hand, for the good of all sufferers in like circumstances.

R. WILSON.

The above valuable MEDICINE *is Sold* ONLY *by*

Bosler & Co.

Front, between Market and Wood Streets, and only Agents for the Proprietors in Pittsburgh.

May 2, 1815.

DAVID LOGAN,

Offers for WHOLESALE, at his Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water Street, Pittsburgh.

FOURTH Proof Cognac Brandy
Third do. Spirits
Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines
Fig Blue, Mustard, Logwood
Cables, Bed cords and Plow lines
80 kegs excellent Gun Powder
Two boxes Lady's Segars
Kentucky, Cavendish and James River Tobacco
A quantity of Shoes
100 Weaver's Reeds
Nuns and Cotton Threads
15,000lbs well saved Bacon.

August 2, 1815.

Ship Carpenters and Sawyers.

WANTED, a number of SHIP CARPENTERS and SAWYERS, to whom generous wages will be given.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN.

Pittsburgh, July 26, 1815.

MERINO WOOL.

THE subscribers have just received a consignment of WOOL, which they offer on liberal terms for approved notes, viz:

100 lbs. Full Blood,
200 lbs. 3-4th do, } *Washed on the back.*
400 do. half do.
300 lbs Full Blood,
600 do 3-4th do } *Not washed.*
500 do half do

ALSO,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR, 1st quality.
Do. LOAF
Coffee best green
Young Hyson } Teas.
Hyson Skin }
Souchong }
Tobacco
BRANDY.
Jamaica Rum 4th pf
Gin
Whiskey
Salt 1st quality
Shad (this season's)
Bacon

Together with an excellent assortment of

Ironmongery. Liquors and Groceries.

MCLEAN & DOANE.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE Banks west of the Mountains are most respectfully informed, that the Bank Note Printing Office in Pittsburgh will be kept constantly open for the sole accommodation of Banks, where the utmost care shall be uniformly devoted for the entire satisfaction of those Banks who will confer the honor of their business. Specimens of engraving, printing and paper, may be examined at any time, at the Office in Fourth street between Market & Wood Streets.

C. F. HARRISON.

June 1, 1815.

Five Dollars Reward.

BROKE out of the stable on Sunday the 30th of July, a small Bay HORSE with a bald face, his tail set and cut square at the end, his foretop cut short; when he broke out he had on part of the halter: He is about 7 years old, stout and well built for his size, carries his head and tail high. Whoever delivers him to the subscriber shall have the above reward and reasonable expences.

WILLIAM ROBINSON.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1815.

Five Dollars Reward.

THE subscriber having, on Saturday last, the 29th July, incautiously and in a hurry, left TWO BUNDLES OF CLOTHES, tied up in Cotton Handkerchiefs, containing a variety of Cloathing, and being unable at present to recollect where he left them, will give the above reward, and be very thankful to any person who will confer the favor of giving him information where they are. The information to be left at this Office.

JOHN BUTLER.

August 1, 1815.

Commission Warehouse

JOHN M'CLEAN,

GRATEFUL for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, begs leave to return thanks to his friends and the public

Having entered into partnership with HENRY DOANE, he solicits a continuance of their patronage. The concern will hereafter be carried on under the firm of

M'CLEAN & DOANE.

Who offer For Sale the following articles on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Notes, at their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Commission Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

New Orleans Sugar
Coffee
Tobacco
Brandy
Gin.
Whiskey
Flour
Juniper Berries
Refined Salt Petre
Cables
Cordage
Paste Boards
Writing and Wrapping paper
Barr Iron
Deck Rods
Spike Rods
Steel
Nails
Wire from No 1 to 3
Anchors
Wrought Anvils
Vices
Scythes
Sickles
Axes
Hoes
Augers
Cutting Knives

with a variety of *IRONMONGERY* too numerous to mention, together with a constant supply of *QUEENSWARE* manufactured by TROTTER & Co. at the *Pittsburgh Pottery.*

They have also made arrangements with the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory,*" (*C. S. Stevenson.*) by which they can supply their customers with any quantity of WHITE LEAD, dry or ground in oil, at the manufacturers price, now $ 20 per cwt

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1815. tf.

N. B. Consignments will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,

WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil,*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & ENGELL.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

GINSENG.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase 20,000lbs. of good GINSENG, well washed, dried and sifted. Now is the time to gather it; and from the great quantities in the vicinity of Pittsburgh and the adjoining counties, and the easy manner in which it is collected, no greater inducements to honest and laudable industry has been offered. The Farmer who has a surplus of hands, perhaps too tender for more laborious work; the needy families who have to depend on the caprices of fortune for a temporary subsistence, ought now to leave their less profitable work and gather Ginseng, which will bring the Cash, necessaries of life, or *wearing apparel*. No matter how small the quantity of Ginseng, so that it is well washed, dried and sifted, and sound roots. The subscriber will attend to it. Those wishing to supply larger quantities, are informed that it must be in the above condition, and packed in tight casks of 150 to 200lbs. each, and to be delivered in the course of the ensuing fall, to the subscriber, in Pittsburgh. Letters on this subject immediately attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS,
S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

Aug. 19, 1815.

☞ N. B. FLAXSEED and DRIED FRUIT, will be taken in exchange for Goods, at the market prices.

Farmers & Mechanicks Bank of Pittsburgh, July 25, 1815.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that a FOURTH INSTALMENT of the Stock of this Bank, consisting of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents on each share, is required to be paid at the Banking House, on or before the first day of September next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

METALIC
Cups, Saucers and Tumblers.

A supply of the above elegant, cheap and durable WARE,

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE, BY

Messrs. WRENSHALL & BOGGS, and ANDREW WILT, Market Street.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1815. eow3t.

N. B. All orders for the above Ware, from the Western Country, promptly attended to, by O'BRIEN & DYOTT, Pittsburgh, *Agents for the Manufacturer.*

CHEAP GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND *RETAIL.*

THE Subscriber having removed from his old stand in Market Street to the corner of DIAMOND ALLEY and WOOD STREET, opposite Mr. Sturgeon's Tavern, offers for Sale, a large and handsome assortment of

Summer and Fall Goods,

which, having been purchased principally for Cash, he is enabled to sell as low as any in the market. Country purchasers are invited to call, examine the goods, and judge for themselves.

ARTHUR F. GORE.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1815. 3m

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES, ENGLAND.

(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE,

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following Articles, warranted equal to any of the kind imported.

Black and brown glazed Coffee POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to ANSHUTZ, RAHM & Co. will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh,
July 6, 1815. 5

WILLIAM HILL,

South East corner of Market and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH.

Has just received and now opening a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of

SUPERFINE London, second and habit cloths
Coarse cloths, moleskins and coatings
Cassimers and stockinetts
Elastic cords and velvets
Flannels and baises
Rose, point and duffield blankets
Sup. dressed and undressed prints
Cambric and Scots undressed gingham
White lace handkerchiefs embroidered and plain
4-4 figured and plain white silk lace
White and black gauzes and crapes
Common prints and plates
Black and coloured muslin
Cambric and fancy do.
British and domestic shirtings
Marseilles, fancy, toilinett and swansdown vesting
Levantine and Mantua silk
Levantine, damask and serged shawls
Common do. 5-4 to 8-4
Sup. and common Madras handkerchiefs
Gentlemen's beaver, silk, and buckskin gloves
Ladies beaver, York tan'd, silk, long and short kid gloves
Do. silk, worsted and cotton hose
Mens' silk and cotton hose and half hose
Silk and cotton umbrellas and parasols
Gentlemen's Philadelphia beaver hats
Ribbands, sewing silk, silver twist, and a great variety of fancy articles.

Also,—Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Liquors, Shoes, English, Crowley, and Swedish tub Steel, Spades and Shovels, &c. &c. which will be sold at a very moderate advance, wholesale and retail, for cash or negociable paper.

W. H. is at all times enabled to fill orders for the following Articles, viz:—

Country Linen, flax and tow
Twilled Bags
Country Half Hose, woolen
Butter in kegs.

July 28, 1815. 3m.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS FOR SALE his FARM, situate in Pitt Township, 3 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 17 acres, 14 of which are cleared, and in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a large two story Stone House, with the convenience of a Distillery and Brewery, and excellent water. The terms are Cash in hand. For further particulars, enquire of JACOB C. HOFFER, Diamond, Pittsburgh, or of the subscriber on the premises.

August 7, 1815. JOHN WEDEKIND.

OF THE CELEBRATED WALTER SCOTT.

From "Letters from Edinburgh," in the North American Review.

I should think there was no man in this profane world, so often asked after as Walter Scott, and no traveller ever lands in Sweet Edinburgh without inquiring where can he be seen? In a small dark room, where one of the Courts of Sessions is held, there is to be seen every morning in term time, sitting at a little table, and keeping the records of the court, a stout, broad shouldered, brawny and somewhat fleshy man—with light hair, light complexion, eyes between a blue and a grey, thick nose, round fat face, rather sleepy expression, covered with a ragged black gown, his lame leg stuck under the table, the other sprawling out in such a manner as no leg, lame or not lame, ever ought to be. Such a man, forsooth! as one might swear, Heaven had marked out, as an honest, good natured soul, though rather stupid withal—a most loyal subject, fit to guzzle port and porter, pay taxes, and drink "God save the King."—Not one poetic line or ray of genius in his face, except a very slight kindling of the eye, to redeem the immortal bust of the Lay of the Last Minstrel from the staring, thoughtless, besotted multitude.

Mr. Scott is now about 45 years old, descended from rather an obscure family in Lothian, and when young, he says, that the old men used to take him up on their knees, call him little Watty, and tell him border stories and legendary tales, while his brothers were gone to work; a privilege which his lameness gave him. Some of those philosophers, who are in the habit of making a "moral" to all their fables, may very possibly find out, that the world has gained another great poet, because Walter Scott was born with one leg shorter than the other. It may be so.

Walter Scott was married some time since to a Guernsey lady, an illegitimate daughter of the late duke of Devonshire, with whom he was said to have received 10,000*l*. The lady was born in Guernsey and speaks villainous broken English. Amongher virtues is that of unsparing fury against all unfortunate wretches, who criticise her husband's works; and it is said that when the review of Marmion was published in the Edinburgh Review, she was very near boxing the editor's ears at a dinner, where she soon after happened to meet him.

Mr. Scott has also some other blessings, which rarely fall to the fortune of a poet. He is the sheriff of a county, commits to prison, and hangs with great spirit and quite a vulgar dexterity; he is moreover clerk of the court before mentioned. These two situations give him 800 or 1000*l*. a year; besides he had for Marmion 1000 guineas, 2000 for the Lady, & 3000 for Rokeby; and he has also been the editor of several extensive works.

Though Mr. S. is exposed to a constant throng of people with letters of introduction, his houses of resort in Edinburgh are not very numerous, and he confines himself chiefly to some of the choicest of the ministerial party, he is himself zealous to the last ditch for church and king. A disgust with its politics made him leave the Edinburgh Review, in which he has written some pleasant articles. In his manners he is very mild & agreeable, apparently without any vanity, and the only affectation he has consists in the effort he makes *not* to appear a *poet*. He has a great deal of humour, and his conversation is principally made up of anecdotes; he is not, however, what they call either elegant or brillant in company, but then he is cheerful and never obtrusive; upon the whole one of the last persons you would suspect to be Walter Scott.

BOSTON, *August* 10.

Foreign News.

Translations for the Boston Daily Advertiser, from Bordeaux papers received by the Ludlow, capt. MUDGE, arrrived at this port yesterday, in 27 days from that city.

FRENCH LEGISLATURE.

House of Representatives—June 29.

Count Lonjunais presiding, presented the following message:

MR. PRESIDENT,

The Provisional Government has not forgotten for an instant that Napoleon by his abdication has placed himself under the safeguard of French honor. Their first care was to demand of the enemy's generals, safe conduct for the protection of his person.

On the 25th June, Napoleon demanded that 2 frigates should be put at his disposition. The government immediately ordered the ministry of marine to arm those 2 frigates. Lt. Gen. Becker was ordered to provide for the protection of the person of Napoleon during his route, and all necessary orders were given for the preparation of relays of horses.

In the mean time Napoleon had not set out yesterday the 28th. The safe conduct had not arrived. The approach of the enemy giving lively inquietude respecting the safety of Napoleon, the commission determined to press anew his departure, & positive orders were given to the ministry of the marine. This last was sent to him by the count Borlay.

The House will perceive by the subjoined copy of a reply of lord Wellington, that he did not consider himself authorised to give the safe conduct requested, and that the government has performed one of its most sacred duties in causing the departure of Napoleon.

The government informs the House, that Napoleon set out at 4 o'clock, as the subjoined letter of gen. Beker shows.

Accept Mr. President of the assurance of my highest consideration,

Duke of OTRANTO.

PARIS, JUNE 29.

COPY OF A LETTER TO COUNT BIGNON.

Head Quarters, June 28.

COUNT—I had the honor to receive the letter of your excellency of the 25th. I have already written to the commissioners named to treat of peace with the allied powers, upon their proposition for a suspension of hostilities; an answer which your excellency must have seen, and I have nothing more to add to it.

As regards a passport and safe-conduct for Napoleon Bonaparte to proceed to the U. S. of America, I must inform your excellency that I have no authority from my government to give any reply whatever to such a demand.

I have the honor to be, &c.

WELLINGTON.

Copy of the letter of gen. Beker, dated, Malmaison, June 29.

SIR—I have the honor to announce to the provisionary government that the Emperor has just entered his carriage, to repair to his destination offering vows for the establishment of the peace and prosperity of France.

Accept sir, my respects, &c.

Count BEKER.

SITTING OF JUNE 20.

The President read the message and bulletin which follow:

MR. PRESIDENT—I transmit to you the bulletin of the situation of the army on the 30th June.

The enemy's army is advanced within sight of the Capital. To arrest his march, all the corps of the army of the North have been ordered to unite in the line of defence which protects Paris: the union is effected. The army is re-organized, and occupies all the positions.

The army is animated with the best spirit: its devotedness to the country is equal to its valor.

Accept, Mr. President,

Duke of OTRANTO

Telegraphic Despatch transmitted from Lyons, June 30.

CHAMBERRY, JUNE 29.

The duke of Albufera, to his excellency the Minister of War.

On the 27th, the Austrians attacked the whole line: they were repulsed after a loss of 250 men killed, wounded and prisoners. I attempted without success, an armistice with gen. Bubna.

On the 28th, the enemy attacked Conflans and Aiguebele: he lost 1500 men, and we made 500 prisoners. An hour after I renewed the proposition for an armistice, which he has accepted. By this armistice I have consented to reenter the limits of the treaty of Paris.

(Signed) Duke of ALBUFERA.

Continuation of the Despatch.

I sent at the same time a flag of truce to gen. Frimont near Geneva. He replied, that animated with a desire by preliminary arrangements, to anticipate those which might be entered into by the allies, he consented to an armistice until the 2d July, by which period I hope to have received the answer of the government.

Duke of ALBUFERA.

PARIS, JUNE 30.

Napoleon Bonaparte sat out yesterday for Cherburg, accompanied by the duke Revigo, and marshal Bertrand. We know not why he chose so bad a carriage.

This day at 11 in the morning a report is prevailing, that a French general who alighted at the Swedish hotel, has announced the near approach of Prince Charles. Gen. Carnot, member of the provisional government, mounted his horse this morning and passed the lines of the army. Our brave soldiers could not see among them without emotion him whom they have so often proclaimed as their father and who so skillful in organizing the war, has always been a strenuous defender of peace, and who has been as economical in the expenditure of the public money, as he is sparing of the blood of his soldiers. During his glorious command at Antwerp, he lost but 27 men, although he made sorties to a great distance.

It is supposed the frigates intended to transport Bonaparte to the U. S. are now waiting at Rochefort. There are to accompany him, gens. Bertrand, Savary, Lallemand, Labadoyere, and a number of domestics.

This morning there was a smart cannonade in the plain about the village of Vertus. The right wing of the enemy which attempted to extend itself upon the Seine, on the side of Neuilly, was followed in its movement by divers French corps, which it attacked in many places, particularly on Mont Valerein, where we had established some pieces of artillery. From 6 to 9 o'clock the cannonade slackened.

The principal actions of this morning must have taken place near St. Germain. It was particularly on that side that the cannonade was heard. At 5 o'clock in the evening they penetrated to St. Dennis, under Mont Valerien. If there is not an arrangement it is evident that tomorrow a general battle will take place.

About noon there came an officer with a flag of truce to the house of Count Hullin, commandant of the place: he had his eyes blinded. It is presumed that he came to make a summons: he was a Prussian colonel. Since his return the cannonade has continued.

They speak of an affair in which the enemy have lost 4 or 500 men; we have made some prisoners.

More than 12,000 national guards were on foot through the day yesterday.

MALMAISON, JUNE 25.

Napoleon to the brave men of the army under the walls of Paris.

SOLDIERS!—In obeying the necessity which separates me from the brave French army, I feel the happy certainty, that it will justify, by the eminent service which the country expects from it, the eulogiums which even our enemies have not been able to refuse to it.

SOLDIERS!—I shall follow your movements although absent. I know every corps, and not one of them will gain a signal advantage over the enemy, but I shall take notice of the bravery that it will display. They have calumniated you and me. Men little calculated to appreciate our exertions, have seen in the proofs of attachment you have given me, only a zeal of which I was the only object. May your future success teach them that it was the country above all things that you served by obeying me; and that if I had any part in your affections, I owed it to my ardent love for France, our common mother.

SOLDIERS!—A few efforts more and the coalition is dissolved. I will be a spectator of the blows which you are about to give them. Preserve the honour, the independence of the French. Continue to the end the men whom I have known you for 20 years, and you will be invincible.

NAPOLEON.

PARIS, JULY 1.

Letter from the Minister of War to the Duke of Wellington.

Head Quarters, Vilette, June 30.

MY LORD—Your hostile movements continue, altho' according to the declarations of the allied sovereigns, the causes of the war no longer exist, since Napoleon has abdicated his power.

At the moment when blood is again to be shed, I have received from the marshal duke of Albufera, a despatch of which I send you a copy. My Lord, I guarantee upon my honor this armistice. All the reasons which you could have to continue hostilities, are at an end, since you can have no other instructions from your government than those which the Austrian generals had from theirs.

I make of your Lordship a formal demand to cease hostilities immediatelo, and to conclude an armistice to wait the decision of the congress. I cannot believe my lord that my demand will be without effect; you will take upon yourself a great responsibility in the eyes of your noble coadjutors.

No other motive than the wish to prevent the effusion of blood and the interest of my country has dictated this letter.

If I appear on the field of battle with the conviction of your talents, I shall carry thither the conviction of contending for the holiness of causes, the defence and independence of my country; and that whatever may be the event I shall merit your esteem.

Accept, my Lord, the assurance of my highest consideration,

(Signed) ECKMUHL.

From the Boston Daily Advertiser, August 10.

From captain Mudge, of the Ludlow, we learn that the Allies under the Duke of Wellington, and marshal Blucher had entered Paris by capitulation, July 4th. The terms of capitulation so far as capt. M. can recollect from hearing them once read, are, that the French armies should move out towards Nantz, with the honors of war, and that during the suspension of arms agreed on, the city and country shall remain under the existing government and flag. Both parties guarantee peace and tranquility, and engage that 6 days notice shall be given previous to the commencement of hostilities. The articles were signed on the part of the duke of Wellington by col. Harvey, on the part of marshal Blucher by baron Muffling, and on the part of the French by prince Eckmuhl, baron Guillominot, and the Prefect, count Bondy.

On the 8th of July, a proclamation was issued at Bordeaux, signed by the Prefect Fauchet, and gen. Clausel, declaring the department of the Gironde in a state of siege.

Our Bordeaux papers which are to July 6, contain Paris dates to the 2d. Their contents are of an interesting nature, many articles of which, most of them official, we have transcribed for this paper.

Bonaparte left Paris at 4 o'clock on the 29th of June, to proceed to Cherburg, or Rochefort, for the accounts in the Paris papers are very contradictory, where he was to embark for this country. The provisional government say that they consider him in consequence of his abdication, as placed under the safe-guard of French honor. They applied to the duke of Wellington for a passport to permit him to proceed, unmolested to the U. S. This passport Wellington refused to grant. Bonaparte requested two frigates to be put at his disposal to bring him and his friends to this country, which request was readily granted him by the provisional government.

He remained in Paris until the 29th, when the allies approaching near the city, his friends becoming alarmed for his safety, hastened him away.

The application to the duke of Wellington for a passport, probably gave rise to the report in London that Bonaparte had given himself up to Wellington.

The plenipotentiaries who had been despatched to treat for a suspension of hostilities with Wellington, had repaired to the head quarters of those generals, and the result of their mission was not definitely known on the 28th of July. But the allied armies in the mean time continued to advance, and on the 30th of June had arrived within sight of the capital. Davoust, minister of war, had assumed the command of the French army, the whole of which had on the 29th been treated to the lines about Paris. Versailles, the royal residence, 10 miles from Paris, had been entered by the allies, and conflicts of small parties in the vicinity of the capital were taking place every day. Whether any general action preceded the capitulation of the city, we are not informed.

Of the Austrian and Russian armies these papers contain little information. One corps has passed the Rhine near Mentz, and advancing nearly by Blucher's route in 1814, has penetrated more than 130 miles into France, and on the 25th was at Chateau Saline, proceeding rapidly towards Paris.

Another army said to consist of Austrians and Badeners, entered France on the 26th by Basle, in the route of the grand army in 1814. The French retreated as they advanced.

On the side of Italy, Suchet made an armistice with Bubna and Frimont, for a few days, to expire on the 2d July.

June 23, an armistice was made with the royalists in the west of France, by which they are secured an indemnity for the past, and are permitted either to remain at their homes, or to retire unmolested from the country. It appears from it that the marquis la Roche Jaqueline, distinguished leader of the Royalists, is not dead as was reported.

The two houses of the legislature continued in session with great constancy, and were using every exertion to oppose the allies. No mention had been made of the restoration of the Bourbons, nor had any measures been taken for acknowledging Napoleon II. They produced on the 29th June, strange as it may seem, an entire new constitution. The form of the new government is not marched, but no hint is given who is to be the sovereign. We shall notice this more particularly hereafter.

The Ludlow left Bordeaux July 1, but did not sail from the river until the 16th. An embargo was laid in France on the 4th which expired on the 15th. It cannot hardly be supposed that the object of it was to prevent knowledge from going of Bonaparte's departure, for the intention to proceed to this country, was 10 days before, officially made known to the duke of Wellington, by the application to him for a passport. The Ludlow shortly after sailing was boarded by a British frigate and very strictly searched, even to the persons of the crew, for Bonaparte, who it was thought might be concealed or disguised onboard.

PARIS, JUNE 30.

The Provisional Government has just issued a proclamation to the *French people*. They announce the abdication of Napoleon, and the proclamation of his son, as Napoleon II. They exhort the nation to unite, from "the N. of France to the Pyrenees, from La Vendee to Marseilles," and call for the display of courage and patriotism, in proportion to the peril of the crisis. They add, "Plenipotentiaries are gone to treat, in the name of the nation, [*not of the new Emperor*] with the European powers, for Peace which they have promised, upon condition which is this day fulfilled. The whole world is as attentive as ourselves for the answer. Their reply will make known, whether justice and promises have yet some meaning upon earth."

Signed by Fouche, as duke Otranto.

[NOTE.—This FOUCHE! this comrade of ROBESPIERRE, and member of the revolutionary tribunal, talks as pertly of "*justice*," as if he knowledge of the attribute. He is either himself, or thinks the world such. For else knows that the *condition* prescribed Allies to the French nation, was to prevent waste of blood and treasure, which would voidably flow from the enforcement of war. The French nation rejected the tion: They upheld the Usurper in his reer: They, with him, attacked the Allies their own soil: caused rivers of blood to and after having been overwhelmed with disgrace and ruin, they have done that controulable necessity, which they ought have done voluntarily. And yet this Fo has the hardened folly to intimate, that these sacrifices, the original condition ned; and that the promise made to bloodshed and waste, is in full force, oceans of the one, and millions of the have been expended.]—*Boston Centinel.*

FRENCH LEGISLATURE.

House of Representatives—Sitting of June

M. Durbach, read the following letter from the Provisional government, to the duke of Wellington, dated June 2[illegible]

MY LORD—You have just added ness to your name by new victories ned over Frenchmen. It is by therefore, that the French are best and appreciated. You will vote rights in the midst of the powers rope.

In that council of sovereigns, your dit and influence must be as great your glory.

The vows of nations, who neither lumniate nor flatter, have declared character. In all your conquests, law of nations has been justice, and policy has appeared to be the voice your conscience.

You will find the demands, which

make through our plenipotentiaries, consformed to the most rigorous notice.

The French nation wishes to live under a monarch. She also wishes, that this monarch should govern under the empire of the laws.

Every one in France looks to the constitution of England; we do not pretend to be more free than she is; we never will consent to be less so.

The representatives of the French people are forming a social compact. The powers will be distinct, but not divided. It is from their very separation, that their harmony is expected to arise.

As soon as this instrument shall have received the signature of the sovereign, who shall be called to govern France, the sovereign will receive the sceptre & crown from the hands of the nation.

In the present state of knowledge in Europe, among the greatest misfortunes of mankind are the divisions between France and England; let us unite for the happiness of the world.

My Lord, no man at this moment, can so effetually as yourself, contribute to the improvement of the character and condition of the human race.

I pray your lordship to accept, &c.

The Duke OTRANTO.

BLUCHER'S PROCLAMATION.

To the Prussian Grand Army of the Rhine.

"Brave officers and soldiers of the army of the lower Rhine!—You have fought two battles in three days. The first was unfortunate, and yet your courage was not broken. You have had to struggle with privations, but you have borne them with fortitude. Immovable in adverse fortune, after the loss of a bloody battle, you marched with firmness to fight another, relying on the God of battles, and *full of confidence* in your commanders, as well as *of* perseverance in your efforts against presumptuous and perjured enemies, intoxicated with their vicitory.

"It was with these sentiments you marched to support the brave English, who were maintaining the most arduous contest with unparalleled firmness. But the hour which was to decide this great struggle has struck, and has shewn who was to give the law, whether an adventurer, or goverments who are the friends of order. Destiny was still undecided when you appeared issuing from the forest which concealed you from the enemy, to attack his rear with that coolness, & confidence which characterises experienced soldiers, resolved to avenge the reverses they had experienced two days before. There, rapid as lightning, you penetrated his already shaken columns—nothing could stop you in the career of victory.

"The enemy, in his despair, turned artillery upon you; but you poured with into his ranks, and your progress caused in his ranks disorder, dispersion, and at last a complete rout.—He found himself obliged to abandon to you several hundred pieces of cannon, and his army is dissolved. A few days will suffice to annihilate the perjured legions, who were coming to consummate the slavery and spoilation of the universe.

"All great commanders have regarded it, as impossible immediately to renew the combat with a beaten army; you have proved that this opinion is ill founded; you have proven that resolute warriors may be vanquished, but that their valour is not shaken.

"Receive then my thanks, incomparable soldiers, objects of all my esteem! The annals of Europe will eternize your triumphs. It is on you, immovable columns of the Prussian Monarchy, that the destinies of the king, and his august house, will forever repose. Never will Prussia cease to exist, while your sons and your grandsons resemble you.

(Signed) "BLUCHER."

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1815.

FOREIGN EVENTS.

From the 18th of June, the day on which was fought the celebrated battle which terminated the meteor fame of Napoleon, until the entry of the Allied Army into Paris on the 4th of July, no serious opposition was made to their forward movement; though at Namur, at Wavre, and in the neighborhood of Versailles, some partial skirmishing took place. The Allies having arrived within a few leagues of the city, and every preparation having been made to enter it by force, offers of capitulation were made by the Provisional Government, which were accepted by the British and Prussian commanders, and the French troops were permitted to march out with the honors of war. BONAPARTE, it is stated, had left Paris a few days before, for Cherbourg or Rochefort to embark for the U. States. We most fervently pray that our soil may never be polluted by the landing on it of this demon of discord, this fiend in human shape.

The Russian, Austrian, and Bavarian armies were advancing on Paris unopposed; with their sovereigns at their head. In the midst of these astonishing events, the French mock Legislators still continued their sittings—they proclaimed BONAPARTE'S son, under the title of NAPOLEON II. Emperor of the French. Their insolence appeared to increase as they were certain of being short lived. Lord CASTLEREAGH had left England for Paris; no doubt to regulate with the Ministers of the Allied Sovereigns the new and auspicious order of things.

When the storm of war shall have passed, and the tumults of political commotion be calmed; when the Constitutional Authorities shall be arranged, and Peace and Commerce with the whole world restored, the happiness and prosperity of France we trust will be consummated.

Sixteen Hundred Dollars have been collected in this town, for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire in Petersburgh.

The Hon. Mr. Crawford, late ambassador to Ghent, has accepted the appointment of Secretary at War, and proceeded to the exercise of the duties of that department.

The Intelligencer relates the following extraordinary effects of a single shot: "The officers of the Penguin relate, that during the late action, with the Hornet, a 32lb. shot came in at the after port of the Penguin, on the larboard side, carried away 6 legs, killed the powder boy of the division, capsized the opposite gun, on the starboard side, passed thro' the port and "sunk in sullen silence to the bottom."

The Duke of WELLINGTON, in a letter to Lady MORRINGTON, his Mother, notices the battle of the 18th of June, and pays a high compliment to BONAPARTE. He says, "Bonaparte did his duty—he fought the battle with infinite skill, perseverance and bravery." "And this," adds the noble Duke, "I do not state from any personal motive of claiming merit to myself—for the victory is to be ascribed to the superior physical force and invincible constancy of British soldiers."

After the battle of the 16th, the French had the savage cruelty to cut off the ears of such of the Prussian prisoners as they did not butcher in cold blood. In return, the Prussians gave no quarter after the battle of the 18th.

From the London Courier, June 13.

ASTONISHING NATURAL PHENOMENON.

On the 27th of August last, while the Majestic 74, capt. Hayes, was cruising off Boston, a strange figure was perceived in the eastern horrizon, about two o'clock in the morning, which, as the sun rose, gradually became more distinguishable, and at last, assumed the perfect appearance of a man, dressed in a short jacket and half boots, with a staff in his hand; at the top of which was a colour hanging over his head, marked with two lines, perpendicularly drawn at equal distances, and strongly resembling the French flag. The figure continued visible as long as the rays of the sun would permit it to be looked at. On the 28th, the figure displayed itself in the same posture, but rather broken. On the following morning, it seemed entirely disjointed, and faded into shadow, until, at last, nothing more could be seen than 3 marks on the sun's disk. Capt. Hayes, his officers, and about 200 of the crew, witnessed the spectacle, both with the naked eye and through glasses. In superstitious times, such a phenomenon would have been construed into a providential warning or ominous token of some unexpected event; in this enlightened age, however, it may be easily accounted for by the reflective power of the atmosphere, which is well known to be wonderful. Most probably the figure represented was some one ashore, or on the deck of the Majestic.

This is to give notice to the SUBSCRIBERS for the expences of obtaining Surveys, Plans and Estimates for Bridges suited to span the rivers Monongahela and Allegheny, at Pittsburgh, that the said surveys with two extensive Plans, Estimates and Specifications for said Bridges are now completed; and that an adjourned meeting of said Subscribers and others will be held ON MONDAY NEXT, THE 28TH INSTANT, at half past 3 o'clock precisely, at the Office of THOMAS POPE, Architect and Bridge Builder, in Market Street, between 2d and 3d Streets.

The punctual attendance of all the Subscribers, and others who wish to encourage and bring into execution, so interesting and important an improvement to the town of Pittsburgh, is earnestly requested, as the full developement and explanation of the said plans by the author, will commence precisely at 4 o'clock:

N. B. The aforesaid Plans &c. will be found truly interesting and well worthy the attention of the Public, having been studied and executed with great labor and expence of time.

Aug. 24, 1815.

AQUILLA M. BOLTON,

Conveyancer,

FIFTH STREET, OPPOSITE M'CLINTOCK'S INN,

OFFERS For Sale a LOT OF GROUND, situate in Fifth between Wood and Smithfield Streets, adjoining M'Clurg's foundery; containing 30 feet in front on Fifth street, and 55 feet in depth, with the privilege of an 8 feet wide alley. On said Lot a two story frame House is erected, calculated for 4 small tenements, each having 2 rooms, with a fire place and a grate in each apartment. One of the rooms is now occupied as a Grocery store, and a convenient *shop*, a double necessary, and a good brick *oven*, are in the yard, and under the building good *Cellars*. The whole premises are subject to a small ground rent of $ 22 50 per annum. Any purchaser who will pay 2-thirds of the purchase money in Cash, shall have a liberal credit for the remainder, and *a good bargain.*

Pittsburgh, Aug. 23, 1815.

New Retail Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has just opened a RETAIL STORE, in Diamond Alley, and nearly opposite Mr. George Watson's store, where he has on hand and intends to keep a seasonable assortment of MERCHANDIZE, viz:

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Queensware,
Flint, Common and Green Glass Ware,
Domestic Pottery, and
Kenhawa Salt, &c. &c.

All of which he is determined to sell very low for Cash or approved trade. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

HENRY HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, August 10.—tfq

Boarding House.

GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARDING, at the house formerly occupied by J. W. HUNTER, Esq. on Water Street, near the Steam Mill.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 26, 1815.

JUST RECEIVED,

By the Subscribers, at their Wholesale and Retail STORE,

DRY GOODS.

SUPERFINE Blue, Black and Bottle Green broad cloths
Super fancy cassimers of the first quality, and assorted colors, viz: black, blue, brown, dark and light mixed, drab, scarlet & white
Second quality Do. same assorted colors
Blue and mixed Berlin webb and imperial and Bedford cords
White cotton hosiery
Calicoes and cambrics assorted
Madrass handkerchiefs, cravats and shawls assorted
Domestic plaids, checks and white cottons
Brown Holland
Fancy colored levantine dress silks.

HARDWARE.

Fancy knob Scotch spring door locks
Stock, chest, trunk, till and padlocks assorted
Commode knobs, handles and rings and bed caps
Knives and forks, pen and pocket knives assorted
Shoe knives, scissors and razors
Hand and tenant saws, gilt and plated coat and vest buttons
Inletts, flatsetts and roller buckles
Tacks, sprigs and saddler's nails
Files, rasps, awl blades and curry combs
Tinned and tutania table and tea spoons
Butt and table hinges and screws
Spectacles, steelyards, thimbles, &c. &c.

Which are, as usual, offered on pleasing terms.

ISAAC HARRIS & Co.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 19, 1815. tfq

TO RENT,

An elegant 3 story brick house,

SITUATE in Wood Street, between 5th and 6th Streets. The House is in a good situation for business, and is completely finished—For terms apply to

HENRY PERRY, *near the premises.*

Pittsburgh, July 29, 1815. 3wq

FOR SALE,

A light two-horse Carriage,

NEARLY new, with harness, &c. complete. It will be sold on liberal terms For further information apply at

THIS OFFICE.

August 26, 1815.

COTTON.

122 bales best quality Orleans Cotton,

JUST received and FOR SALE at

DAVID LOGAN'S Warehouse,

Corner of Ferry and Water Streets.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22.——8wq

Fresh Drugs, Dye Stuffs and PAINTS.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Customers and the Public in general, that in addition to their former Stock, they have lately received from New York and Philadelphia, a very EXTENSIVE AND GENERAL SUPPLY *Of DRUGS, Dye Stuffs and PAINTS,* which they will engage to sell at Philadelphia prices; with the addition of carriage. It is therefore presumed, that Merchants and Physicians will save themselves the trouble of bringing goods across the mountains.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

In Wood between 1st and 2d Streets.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 17, 1815. tfq

SCHEME OF THE

Grand National Lottery.

WHICH positively commences drawing in the City of Baltimore, on the 28th day of August, 1815.

5	PRIZES OF	$ 20,000	is	$ 100,000
2	- -	10,000	-	20,000
10	- -	5,000	-	50,000
25	- -	1,000	-	25,000
30	- -	500	-	15,000
100	- -	100	-	10,000
200	- -	50	-	10,000
600	- -	20	-	12,000
15300	- -	10	-	158,000

Not 2 Blanks to a Prize.

PART OF THE PRIZES DETERMINABLE AS FOLLOWS:

First drawn 10,000 blanks each $ 10
First drawn Ticket on the 20th, 30th, 40th and 60th days each 20,000
First drawn Ticket on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 25th, 35th, 45th, 56th, 65th, 75th and 80th days each 5000
Payable in part by 500 Tickets, each commencing with 45,000 and ending with 50,000.
The first drawn Prize entitled to 500 Tickets from 45000 to 45500 inclusive and so in regular succession.
First drawn Ticket on the 2d, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22d, 27th, 32d, 37th, 42d, 47th, 52d, 57th, 62d, 67th, 72d, 77th and 82d days each 1,000
First drawn Ticket on the 3d, 8th, 13th, 18th, 23d, 28th, 33d, 38th, 43d, 48th, 53d, 58th, 63d, 68th, 73d, 78th and 83d days each 500

TICKETS AND SHARES,

For Sale at the store of Charles Pentland & Co. in the N. W. side of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 14, 1815. 8wq

NOTICE.

THE partnership of WAY & BLAINE has been dissolved by mutual consent, since the 11th of May last. All those who remain indebted to said firm are requested to come forward and pay off their respective balances to Abishai Way. EPHRAIM BLAINE, ABISHAI WAY.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars.*

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN'S

Wholesale and Retail STORE.

JUST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment MERCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, are the following articles, viz:

WOODS'S best London extra superfine Black, Blue and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
Fine Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
Cassimers, cassinets and elastic cords,
Elegant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and ribb'd
Velvets and velvet Cords
Super white Marseilles Vestings
Do. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
Elegant toilenett, fancy and dark Vestings
Super undressed Chintzes
An elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
First and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
Low priced Calicoes of all kinds
A few pieces superfine and common Do.
3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linnens
Ladies and gentlemen superfine and common white cotton Hose
Gentlemen's white and mixt half Hose
4-4 and 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
4-4 and 5-4 India Muslins
Jackonett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
Plain and figured Lenoes
Spidernett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
Dimitys, long cloths and British shirtings
6-4, 4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
Platillas and brown Holland
Real and mock Madrass handkerchiefs
A great variety of fancy neck Do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cashmere Shawls
Do. Do. Chintz Do.
Superfine and common white and stamp'd pocket handkerchiefs
Ladies and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd and Kid Gloves
Ladies extra long Do.
Black and white plain and figured gauzes
Best English cotton balls, tape, bobbin and Scotch Thread
An elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 Levantine silk shawls
Damask silk shawls, fancy and black silk handkerchiefs
Real Tortoise shell, mock and horn back and side combs
10-4 and 11-4 super white counterpains
Edgings, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
Elegant plain and fringed Parasols
Blue Nankeens
Pins, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
Elegant black, brown and bottle green bombazettes
Gilt and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large and small
Gentlemens leather shoes and pumps
Ladies first quality leather and morocco Do.
Misses and childrens Do.

QUEENSWARE.

Plates, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
A few crates expected in a few days elegantly assorted, of Liverpool China
Best green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other groceries, &c.
HARDWARE, &c. &c.

As J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements both in New York and Philadelphia, in addition to one of them being generally, if not altogether there, they contemplate keeping a large and constant supply of GOODS, which being purchased with great care and for cash, will be sold WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the western country, for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tfq

To all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, I JAMES BRYAN, have falsely and maliciously circulated of and concerning John Crookshanks untruths, and made declarations against his character, which had a tendency to injure him. I do therefore, by these presents solemnly declare, that the declarations which I have made prejudicial to his character, are totally destitute of truth.

JAMES BRYAN.

August 16, 1815.

Candle Manufactory.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has erected a Dip and Mould CANDLE MANUFACTORY, in the Diamond; where he will keep constently on hand, and offers WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, dipt and mould CANDLES of the best quality, and on the most reasonable terms.

THOMAS COLEMAN.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 19, 1815.

N. B. The highest prices given for Tallow and rough fat.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

To the PLANE MAKING *Business,*

TWO APPRENTICES, from 14 to 16 years of age. Lads from the Country will be preferred. Apply to the subscriber.

WM. EVENS, *Plane Maker.*

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815.

Samuel & John Thompson,

INFORM their numerous friends and customers, that they have this day entered into Partnership, under the firm of SAMUEL AND JOHN THOMPSON. They intend to carry on the MERCHANT TAYLOR BUSINESS in all its various branches, and have just received a supply of *Super Cloths, Cassimers,* and *Military Trimings.* They hope that by keeping a large and constant supply of first rate Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, and by having their work executed in the neatest and most fashionable stile, to merit a continuance of public patronage as a firm, equal at least to what they have heretofore thankfully received when acting in the capacity of individuals. They likewise, for the accommodation of Travellers, intend to keep a large supply of CLOTHES READY MADE, and have, for that purpose, taken the south-west corner House of Market and Front Street. Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815. tf

N. B. As it now becomes highly necessary that their Books should be settled up to this date, they earnestly request every person having accounts thereon to come forward and settle the same by giving their note, or due bill, and those having demands are requested to come forward and receive payment.

BROKE into the inclosure of the Subscriber, living in Plumb Township, Allegheny county, near Turtle Creek, some time in October last, a RED COW, with a white face, a piece out of the lower edge of the left ear, branded slightly on the horns, the letters not perceivable. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JAMES JORDEN.

Aug. 15, 1815.

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer by wholesale:

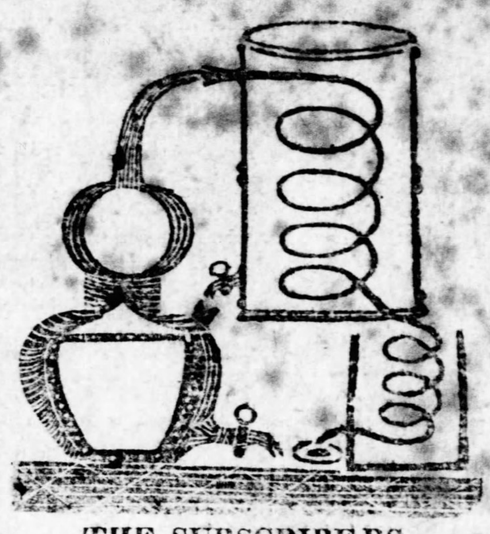
CALLICOES, Loom Shirtings, Cambric Muslins, Ginghams, Super Prints, undressed do. Muslin and Cotton Shawls, Cotton Flag Handkerchiefs, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Plus.

A variety of *Cutlery* and *Hardware*, consisting of Knives and Forks, Table, Desert and Carvers, Shoe Knives, Pocket and Penknives, Table Spoons, Padlocks, Jewsharps, Files, Locks, Butt Hinges and Screws.

Missouri Furs and *Skins*, consisting of Beaver, Otter, Muskrat, Racoon and Fox; Buffalo and Bearskins.

Pig and Bar Lead. Saltpetre.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf



THE SUBSCRIBERS.

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY,

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excelient quality, which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire,* and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two or Three smart, active Lads as Apprentices to the Coppersmith Business or Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to EIGHT or TEN Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.

BEEF CATTLE.

WANTED, a number of BEEF CATTLE, for which the highest price, in Cash will be paid on delivery in Pittsburgh.

RICHARD SANDERSON.

Aug. 18, 1815.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, my wife MARY WILAND, has left my bed and board, without cause or provocation, I HEREBY forwarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting after this date.

JOHN WILAND.

Aug. 18, 1815.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I THANK the Citizens of the Western Country for the unexpected liberality I have received, as respects business. I intend going shortly to Baltimore, where I shall commence in the Commission line, having made arrangements accordingly I have no doubt that every person I owe will pay me a visit. In consequence, I sincerely hope that every person indebted to me, will use exertions, and enable me to give said visitors a suitable reception.

ESISHA BROWN.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell one-half of the HOUSE and LOT, occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public busines. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

August 2, 1815. tf

Blue, Green, and Turkey Red DYEING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has commenced the Dyeing of the above-mentioned colours at the stand of John Hannah, corner of Front and Ferry Streets, where all those who please to favour him with their custom, shall have their colouring done on the shortest notice, at the following prices, viz:—Deep Blue and Green at 50 Cents per lb. and Turkey Red at $ 1 50 per lb. The colours are warranted not to fade.

JOSEPH SLOW.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's Store.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf

EDWARD JONES,

Opposite Doctor Dawson's, in Market Street, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, in addition to his late arrivals, a large and general assortment of elegant

Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries,

which he will sell low for cash, or good acceptances in town. They consist principally of the following articles:

DRY GOODS.

Superfine Furniture, and low priced Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Cotton Shirting, Long Cloths,
Hamburgh, Cambric Muslins, Jaconet, Fancy, Mull Mull and Lenn Muslins,
Merino, Damask, Serge, Silk and Cotton, Imitation, Cambric Muslin and Chintz Shawls,
Cravats, White, Coloured Borders, Crossbarred, &c.
Russia Diaper, Nankeens Yellow and Blue,
Canton and other Crapes, of all colours,
Men's and Women's Hose, Silk, Cotton and Worsted,
Cotton and Worsted Socks,
Sewing Silks, Ribbands, Sattin and Mantua,
Cloths, Black, Blue, Mixed, Brown, and other colours,
Cassimers and Satinetts of all kinds,
Bandanos, Black Silk, Fancy Silk, Pocket, Linen, Cotton, Madras & Roinal Handkerchiefs,
Chambray Stripe, Plaid and other Cottons,
Checks, Ticking and Ginghams,
Thread, Cotton and Silk Laces,
Bombazines and Bombazetts,
Men's and Women's Silk, Cotton, Kid and Beaver Gloves,
Fancy Trimmings for Dresses,
Silks, Sendaws, Mantua and Levantine,
Chenille, Boot and other Silk Cords,
Worsted, Due and Silk Bindings,
Dimities, Seersuckers and fine Ginghams,
Bennet and Cotton Cords,
Velvets and Jeans,
Figured Robes,
Pins Papered and Pounds,
Millenett, Oil Cloth and Knitting Cottons,
Gilt, Plated, Glass, Pearl and Common Buttons,
Feathered, Ivory and Common Fans,
Marseilles, Royal Ribb and other Waistcoating,
Blue, Black and Olive Florentines,
Beads, Fancy Feathers, Morocco Caps,
Violins, Suspenders, Marseilles Waistcoats,
Ladies Straw Hats, latest fashions,
Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes of all kinds,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, and a great variety of other articles.

Queensware of all kinds.

HARDWARE.

Shovels and Spades, Straw Knives,
Sweeping and other Brushes,
Carpenters Compasses, Tacks, Needles,
Spectacles, Iron and Tutania Spoons,
Crowley and other Steel,
Crum Creek Whet Stones,
Brass and Iron Candlesticks,
Tortoise Shell, Mock and Horn Combs,
Crosscut, Hand, Tenant, Sash and other Saws,
Glass Paper, Curry Combs,
Locks of all kinds, Hinges and Screws,
Awl Blades, Knives and Forks, Penknives,
Scissors, Files, Coffee Mills, Snuffers, Pencils, and Fishing Hooks,
Boot and Girth Web,
Elegant Tea Trays, Waiters and Bread Baskets,
Pewter Basons and Plates,
Handsome Fowling Pieces,
Wall Paper in setts, first quality, for parlours,
Looking Glasses, Glue, Pocket Books, &c &c.

Groceries of all kinds, first quality.

July 1, 1815. tf

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public generally that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of a

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

for furnishing Steam Engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

on an extensive scale, capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

AN ANVIL AND ANCHOR FACTORY,

capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE FACTORY,

will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP, AND A BORING AND TURNERS SHOP.

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with dispatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

and are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting Mill, Paper Mill, Fullers, Tobacco and Millstone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand a STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of Wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper Mill, Fullers, and Mill Screws, and Sugar Mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery, Croup,* and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

A safe and efficacious medicine for destroying and bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles: or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary.—The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube, but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms,* of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm,* at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the readers time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are acquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above Valuable MEDICINE, *is sold, ONLY, by*
J. P. & J. W. Skelton,
At their WHOLESALE & RETAIL *Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,*
PITTSBURGH.

December 13, 1813.

Storage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken that well known WAREHOUSE of Mr. JESSE REEDER, near the Steam Mill, CINCINNATI, where they take in Goods on Storage, or to sell on Commission; from their situation, (as it will save drayage) and attention to business, they flatter themselves that it will be to the advantage of those, who have business to be done in this line, to favour them with it.

WILLIAM NEWMAN,
JAMES ESSEX,
THOMAS WILLIAMS.

Cincinnati, May 18, 1815. 6m.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

From Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store, *New-York, a fresh supply of the following*

Genuine Medicines.

A Sovereign Remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most Disorders of the Breast and Lungs.

THE celebrity acquired by this Medicine through the United States, for speedily removing coughs, colds, hoarseness, &c. exceeds all former examples. The following recommendation, selected from a very numerous list, will fully confirm what has been said of its unparalelled excellence.

"To H. LEE

"Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent qualities of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast, received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breath being difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, constant pain in my breast, a cough, a great loss of flesh and strength, and you may conceive that my symptoms indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me, and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give "*Hamilton's Elixir*" a trial, saying he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured, and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms returned, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

"GEORGE BRENER, Jr.
"*No.* 21, *Budd Street, Philadelphia.*"

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers, who may be subject to temporary hoarseness and thickness of speech. In long confirmed asthmatic complaints where a cure can scarcely be expected, *this medicine affords immediate relief,* moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

Hamilton's Worm Lozenges.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body: but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders
Consumptions
Lowness of Spirits
Loss of Appetite
Impurity of Blood
Hysterical Affections
Inward Weaknesses
Violent cramps in the stomach and back
Indigestion
Melancholy
Gout in the Stomach
Pains in the Limbs
Relaxations, &c.

HAMILTON'S

GENUINE ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White Swellings, Chilblains, Bruises and Sprains, and pain in the Face and Neck.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED BY ONCE USING.

LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last 10 years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the ITCH, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the most pleasant pomatum.

HAHN'S

True and Genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

HAHN'S

Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes.

HAHN'S

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE

AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

A multitude of attested cures performed by the above medicines, may be seen at the place of Sale.

Purchasers are requested to remember that an engraved label with the signature of HANNAH LEE, widow of the late Richard Lee, Jr. is affixed to each of the genuine Medicines.

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

April 22, 1815. tf

To the Public.

WE, the subscribers, passengers in the Mail Stage which left Philadelphia on the 20th inst. for Pittsburgh, having witnessed gross misconduct in an Innkeeper and Proprietor in the line of Stages, named THOMAS LINDSAY, of Chambersburgh, do feel it to be our duty to give public notice of the same for the benefit of Travellers. We arrived at his house after a fatiguing ride of 37 hours from Philadelphia, without any sleep, and made immediate application for supper and lodging. There appeared to be a considerable number of persons in the Inn, and a coach and four had just driven up.—Mr. Lindsay thought proper to keep us waiting by our baggage, as he was too busy to attend to us. On our becoming urgent to have accommodations, he remarked, that his house was full; that he could not accommodate us; that he did not consider it a favor for Travellers to stop at his house; that we might get lodgings elsewhere, &c. We remonstrated against such treatment in a keeper of a Stage tavern, upon which he became greatly irritated and abusive. To one of our number, who urged upon him our claims to his attention, Mr. L. was particularly insulting; ordered him from his house, and endeavoured to push him out of it; declared that he should not continue his seat in the Stage, and refused a tender of the Stage fare from him. Four of us were compelled to seek lodgings at another inn, and after much difficulty, (owing to the taverns being unusually full) obtained them at the house of Mr. Jacob Snyder, where they were treated with all suitable attention. Mr. Lindsay finally assented to the others remaining at his house. The individual forced from the Stage in this arbitrary manner, took advice of George Chambers, Esq. Attorney at Law, who addressed a letter to Mr. Lindsay, informing him that he had orders to commence a suit for damages, unless he permitted the person to continue his journey. In answer to this letter Mr. Lindsay asserted, (as we were informed by Mr. Samuel Lyon) that the reason of his refusing a seat was this—the person was a way passenger, and the usual number was complete without him. This we pronounce a falsehood; as Mr. Lindsay well knew that this individual had taken a seat at Philadelphia for Pittsburgh, and Mr. Lindsay offered the vacated seat to another person, whose name was inserted on the waybill, and afterwards stricken out. Some of the passengers having stopt short of Pittsburgh, we are unable to procure their signatures to this advertisement, but they fully approve a publication of the affair, among them was Mr. Samuel Lyon, of Carlisle, who left us at Bedford.

STEPHEN SHEA, *Greensburgh, Pa.*
JOSEPH EVANS, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*
LEWIS TAPPAN, *Boston, Mass.*
JAMES MATHEWS, *Albany, N. Y.*
WM. DONALDSON, *Natchez, Miss.*

July 29, 1815.

Wholesale Store.

CHARLES L. VOLTZ & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have removed from their former stand at D Logan & Co's Commission Warehouse to Wood street, next door to G. & C. Anshutz, where they intend to keep an extensive assortment of English DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY and GERMAN GOODS, which they will henceforth receive direct from the Manufactures in Europe, having connections in Baltimore, who are largely in the importing line.—Under these circumstances they will be enabled at all times to sell their goods at very reduced prices, which they hope will induce the Merchants of this place and the western country, to favour them with their custom.

On hand the following articles:

Files of every description; knifes and forks, razors, brass cocks, slates, woodscrews, awl-blades, needles, thimbles, flints, Turkey cotton, combs, pocket books, sun-glasses, pocket pistols, snuff boxes, German looking glasses, fifes, violins and do. strings, playing cards, shot bags, quills, a variety of ribbons, galloons and thread edgings. Elegant French CHINA. Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms by *WHOLESALE ONLY,* for Cash or approved negotiable Notes.

May 12, 1815. 3mq

FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Plumb township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's Mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North-Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. June 23, 1815.

Citizens of Pittsburgh,

AND

Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

To MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.

WHITE LEAD.

THE subscriber informs his Correspondents and other dealers in WHITE LEAD, that he has made an arrangement, by which he receives from the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory,*" (J. S. STEVENSON) a constant supply of White Lead, both Dry and Ground in Oil, which he will sell on the most liberal terms. The reputation of this Factory is perfectly established, and the Lead shall be warranted equal to any manufactured in the United States. The present price is $ 20 per cwt. and will be always as low, if not lower, than any sold in this place.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr
corner of Wood and Water Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1815.

ROSIN SOAP.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received a further supply of ROSIN and COMMON SOAP—Also, POT and PEARL ASH, which they offer for Sale.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1815.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received and ready for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,

Of Orthography and Pronunciation,

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and pathological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

Benjamin Darlington,

WISHES to inform the public in general, that he has taken that large three story brick Warehouse of N. Cunningham, in Third Street, between Market and Wood Streets, two doors from Market Street, where he has on hand and intends keeping, a general supply of

HARDWARE.

—*On hand now*—

Hand Screws
Knives and Forks
Pen and double bladed Knives
Pocket Knives
Barlow do.
Thumb Latches
Razors assorted
Large Sheers
Scissors assorted
Curry Combs
Post Coffee Mills
Box do. do.
Iron and Steel blade Squares
Compasses
Locks assorted, viz: Knob, Cupboard, Chest, Till, Desk } Locks
Padlocks assorted
Window Bolts assorted
Round Bolts assrted
Window Pullies
Tutania Table and Tea Spoons
Iron Table and Tea Spoons
Iron Candlesticks
Table Hinges
Iron and Mock Combs assorted
Case Combs assorted
Ivory Combs do
Looking Glasses
Gun Locks
Handsaw Files
Millsaw do.
Files assorted
Plated and Gilt Coat Buttons
Plated & Gilt Vest do.
Metal Buttons
Groom do.
Pearl and Ivory do.
Butt Hinges & Screws assorted
Saddlery assorted
English Plated Bits and Stirrups
American do.
Buckles and Slides
Steel Heads & Thimbles
Inlets and Trimmings
Rider Buckles and Tinned Buckles assorted
Tinned & burned Stirrups
Best 2 burned Women's Stirrups
Spoon-beak Snuffers
Pipe-end do.
Saddle Cloths
Cotton and Seaming Web
Cut Tacks assorted of all sizes and prices

All which will be sold low for Cash, or approved endorsed notes at 60 and 90 days.

Pittsburgh, June 24, 1815. tf

SPEAKMAN & SAY,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a *Drug and Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, and taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, third door from Front Street, Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing such articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expences, only.

☞ *They now offer for Sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. *for Cash, Produce, or at the usual Credit.*

May 30, 1813. tf

BAR IRON.

THE subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

Juniata and Centre County BAR IRON.

WHICH he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and Blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of Waggon Tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best Waggon Boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.

Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,
Ewers,
Chambers,
Dutch Jugs,
Bowls,
Mugs,
Goblets,
Pitchers,
Coffee Pots,
Tea Pots,
Coffee Cups,
Tea Cups,
Chocolates,
Sugar Basons,
Butter Tubs,
Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

CASTINGS.

ORMSBY & DOANE, have just received a large supply of assorted CASTINGS; and from arrangements made with the Brighton Iron Works, they will be able to fill orders to any extent, at all times.

Also, manufactured TOBACCO, of superior quality, for Sale as above.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

STRAY MARE.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Cranberry township, Butler county, on Breakneck creek, some time in May last, a bright bay MARE, 7 or 8 years old, a natural trotter, a small star in her forehead, very much saddle marked, her tail and mane cut short. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOSEPH RICHARDSON.

July 25, 1815.